The Shofar Gadol

Three times daily we ask of Hashem, "Tika beshofar gadol lichecheiruseinu" - "Sound the great shofar for our liberation ... and gather us together from the four corners of the earth". Similarly, we conclude the beracha of shofros on musaf of Rosh Hashana with this identical plea. What is the significance of specifically a Shofar Gadol - a "great" shofar?

To understand this, let us begin from the sources. There are, in fact, three pesukim that mention the blowing of the shofar in reference to the time of the geulah and we make mention of all of them in pesukei shofros on Rosh Hashanah.

The first pasuk reads: "Kol voshvei seiveil v'shochnei eretz kinsoi neis harim tiru v'chiskoiya shofar tishmau" -"All inhabitants of the world

and those dwell on the earth will see when the banner is raised on the mountains and will hear when the shofar is sounded." This pasuk refers to the time of the ingathering of the exiles.

The second pasuk is more well known. It reads: "V'haya bayom hahu yitoka b'shofar gadol uvau ha'ovdim mei'eretz ashur v'hanidachim mei'eretz mitzraim v'hsihtachacu laHashem b'har hakodesh birushalayim"- "It will happen on that day, that the great shofar will be sounded and those who are lost in the land of Ashur and those banished in the land of Egypt will come and bow down before Hashem on the holy mountain in Yerushalayim".

Abarnanel writes that the word shofar mentioned here is not meant to be taken literally, for it is quite impossible for a shofar to be sounded in one place and be heard throughout the entire world. Rather, the mention of the shofar here is meant as a moshul for kibutz galiyos. It is alluded to by a "shofar" which is sounded in order to

gather together a group people.

THE SECOND EVENT BEGAN AFTER THE SIX DAY WAR, WHICH CAUSED AN UNBELIEVABLE AND UNEXPLAINABLE HISORERUS AMONG THE JEWISH PEOPLE. The third pasuk is in Zecahriah (9:14). This pasuk is not referring to kibutz galiyos. But rather to the war that Hashem will wage against the reads: nations. It "Va'Hashem aleihem yeira'eh v'yatza chabark chitzoi v'adnai elokim boshofar viska v'halach b'sa'aros teiman" - "And

Hashem will appear over them and His arrow will shoot forth like lighting and Hashem Elokim will sound the shofar and go forth be'sa'aros teiman".

Abarbanel explains "sa'aros teiman" to mean the evildoers of Edom, whose first chief was named Teiman. The pasuk is thus implying that Hashem will go to war against the nations because of the evil that Edom did against His nation.

In Tishrei 5728, the Rebbe spoke at length about the shofar of Moshiach. The following is a synopsis some of the Rebbe's points:

Many of the ideas, the Rebbe said, are based on maamarim of the previous Rebbeim, specifically the



of the world, submerged in their exile, who have desire to leave golus. Mitzraim is related to the word meitzar, maamawhich means confines and constraints. This means that there are those Jews who are indeed rim Vehava Bayom Hahu in Likuttei Torah and of the Frierdiker Rebbe suffering in exile, but feel "banished," seeing no hope of ever being liberated. It is interesting to note that in the pasuk in Yeshayahu

"v'haya bayom hahu," the shofar is referred to as the "Shofar Gadol", the "great" Shofar, whereas in the pasuk in Zechariah the shofar isn't given any special titles.

The Frierdiker Rebbe explains that the these two pesukim refer to two different occurrences that will prepare the world for the geulah.

The pasuk in Zechariah, which mentions that Hahem will go forth "b'sa'aros," means that Hashem will create an uproar, a "shturem," amongst all the nations of the world. This means that a war will ensue between them. This is the expressed by the blowing of the shofar, which naturally causes people to tremble without any rational explanation. Likewise, the uproar and unease that will come about as a result of Hashem "blowing the shofar" will be in a way that the nations themselves will not understand the cause of the uproar.

How will this prepare the world for the geulah? Moshiach will change the entire world. In order to prepare the nations for the time when they will all serve the Jewish people, the "shofar" which arouses fear without reason must first be "sounded".

However, all of the above is only to prepare the world for the geulah. Then comes the next step, to arouse the Yidden and bring them back. This is the subject of the pasuk in Yeshayahu "V'haya bayom hahu".

This pasuk speaks of those Jews who are lost in Ashur and Mitzraim. Ashur is related to the word oisher, meaning pleasure and enjoyment. This means that there are those Jews who are "oivdim" - "lost" in the pleasures

In order to arouse every Jew, even those in Ashur and Mitzraim a regular shofar does not suffice. Rather, the Shofar Gadol must be sounded.

Chassidus explains that the shofar is outcry of the innermost depths of the soul that transcends understanding. Likewise the shofar of Hashem is an arousal from pnimiyus of Elokus, the innermost part of G-dliness. However, in the pnimiyus of Elokus there are also many levels. The lower levels are those which are somewhat limited - they are in accord with the capacity of created beings to receive them. They are referred to as the "shofar", without any title. However, the arousal that comes from Hashem's essence, as it were, is referred to as the shofar Gadol.

In order to arouse the essence of every Jew, even those who have no understanding nor a revealed desire to come an "bow down before Hashem," the Shofar Gadol must be sounded. The Rebbe said that the first event actually occurred already during the first and second world wars, which both began in a completely inexplicable manner.

The second event began after the six day war, which caused an unbelievable and unexplainable hisorerus among the Jewish people.

However, as the Rebbe concluded, the Shofar Gadol up until this point is not enough. We need the ultimate blast of the Shofar Gadol to be sounded in a way that every Jew will literally be aroused and come "bow down before Hashem in Yerushalyim," through Moshiach Tzidkeinu, immediately now!