

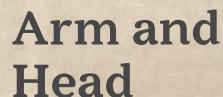


DEDICATED IN THE ZECHUS OF YAACOV FISCHEL ייחיש IN HONOR OF HIS UPSHERENISH LAG B'OMER 5782

MAY MAY HE GROW TO BE A CHOSSID, YAREI SHAMAYIM, AND LAMDAN

BY HIS PARENTS
BINYOMIN AHRON AND GITEL
RIVKAH שיחיו BACKMAN







This month marks 55 years since the Rebbe's launch of *mivtza tefillin* in connection with the Six-Day War in Eretz Yisroel.

Two years later, on Shabbos Parshas Matos-Massei 5729*, the Rebbe explained that the *mivtza* is still very much relevant and important, adding a new source speaking to the significance of tefillin—one that the Rebbe had never spoken of before.¹

The source that the Rebbe added is a *halacha* in the Rosh based on the *possuk* וטרף זרוע אף קדקד—that the members of the *shevet* of Gad are strong in battle, preying on the arms and heads of their enemies, as a result of

the mitzvah of tefillin, worn on the arm and head.

The Rebbe said that this new source is more applicable now than before the Six-Day War, since the politicians in Israel began negotiating the retreat from the portions of Eretz Yisroel captured during the war, thereby endangering Jewish lives, *chas v'shalom*.

Presented here are a few original materials connected with this idea:

 A kol koreh declaration issued by Tzach (Lubavitch Youth Organization) in Yiddish—with the Rebbe's edits on the first draft—and in English, calling on everyone to enhance their efforts in mivtza tefillin.

*🖮 5729-1969 29

- 2. The Rebbe's edits on a letter issued by Tzach based on the Rebbe's assertion that the *mivtza* is still relevant and important.
- An addition put into the weekly likkut
 (eventually published in Likkutei Sichos)
 of the following week, based on the Rebbe's
 words at the Shabbos farbrengen.

Kol Koreh

[The Rebbe's edits are in **bold** type.]

In connection with the current situation in our holy land, the Lubavitcher Rebbe repeated, with even more enthusiasm, his call and request about the special duty of the hour, to strengthen and spread amongst Yidden the mitzvah of tefillin.

The Lubavitcher Rebbe *shlita* emphasized that in the present time, not only do we need the shield and protection that [the Torah promises as a result of tefillin, that your enemies] "will fear you," the fear that falls upon the enemies of the Jews, **through the Jewish people's** fulfillment of the mitzvah (as Chazal say in Gemara Brachos 6a)—but we also **now** need the G-dly strength that tefillin affords **the Jewish fighters** to be <u>victorious over their</u> enemies who are still on their way to attack.

He mentioned that this is an open and clear halachic ruling (cited from the Rosh, Halachos

Ketanos, Hilchos Tefillin, 15): מפני קיום מצוות תפילין

that through fulfilling the mitzvah of tefillin (which tefillin are worn on the דרוע (arm) and on the קדקד (head)), and its perfection, the war-soldiers will experience (the promise of the possuk, to win in the mighty manner of) "prey upon the דרוע and also the "קדקד" (of their enemies).

There is no need to stress what a mitzvah and *zechus* it is to publicize this request, appeal, and insistence of the Rebbe *shlita*.

- A. To promote the mitzvah of putting on tefillin—
 every person who already puts on tefillin should
 see to fulfill the mitzvah with all **its** intricate
 details and in the best possible manner; have the
 Tefillin checked in accordance with the ruling in
 Shulchan Aruch, and if possible, have them checked
 every year (as per Mechilta **end of** Parshas Bo).
- B. In every way possible, disseminate and spread the fulfillment of the mitzvah amongst Jews. Inspire and influence Jews, especially Jewish soldiers, their relatives and friends, to keep the mitzvah of tefillin properly, by explaining to them the extraordinary significance of this mitzvah.



THE "KOL KOREH" ISSUED BY TZACH IN YIDDISH BASED ON THE REBBE'S EDITS.

May it be Hashem's will—as the Lubavitcher Rebbe shlita concludes with the blessing—that very soon we'll be able to say that this situation is all in the past, for peace will reign all over the world, especially in the Holy Land, about which it says, "I will bring peace in the Land," and every Jew will increase in Torah and its mitzvos with peace, tranquility, and security.

Tzeirei Agudas Chabad Hamerkazis

Letter

B"H Motzei Shabbos Kodesh Matos Massei, 5729. Brooklyn, NY

Our dear and esteemed friend, Shalom U'bracha!

At the farbrengen of **this Shabbos Kodesh** (Shabbos Mevarchim **Menachem Av**), the Rebbe *shlita* said, amongst other things:

"...The inspiration, the request and the appeal about "mivtza tefillin" that I spoke about many times over the past two years and more is still very much relevant now as well. In fact, [it is relevant now] with even more urgency, because the current situation is such that we

THE REBBE'S EDITS ON A LETTER (IN HEBREW) ISSUED BY TZACH BASED ON THE REBBE'S ASSERTION THAT THE MIVTZA IS STILL RELEVANT AND IMPORTANT. THE LAST PARAGRAPH OF THE LETTER WAS WRITTEN ENTIRELY BY THE REBBE.

IN THE LIKUT FOR PARSHAS DEVORIM 5729 (WHICH CONTAINED A SICHA FROM SEVERAL YEARS PRIOR), THE REBBE'S WORDS FROM THE PREVIOUS SHABBOS WERE ADDED TO NOTE 57. THIS WAS LATER PUBLISHED IN LIKKUTEI SICHOS VOL 9, PAGE 11.

שיחות

או מיט איין קלאם האבן זיי סורף יסות אַדער אַלס פלוגה געווען דעם זרוע האויב צוואמען מיטן - דינען דאס צוויי איפנים י מש: אדם חי צו כובש זיין בשעת די מלחמה מיטן יצה"ר איז והיי היצהיר: עפיי טעם ודעת. קען מען ניט מבטל אם כני גד ובני ראיכו זיין אלע זיינע כחית מים איין קלאם עו די ערשטע למלחמה אויף יעדער כח פאַדערט זיך אַ — שיפנים הנ"ל). וואס דאס באַזונדער עכודה. בשעת אַבער מען ענין פון סכנה יתרה. ניים מים מס"ג. מצד המקיפים חיי יי זיך אויסגעטיילט פון יחידה. איז וויבאלר או אין מקיף איז עידו ההולכים במלחמה. ניטא קיין התחלקות. איז במכה אחת ע אידן איז נים געווען הרגיעט מען אוועק אלע כחות פון נ מסינ – עיקר עבודתם רעם יצה"ר. פ"י טעם ודעת, עבודה און נאַד אַ דיוק אין דעם: גוטרף אבער כיי בני גד וכני זרוע אף קדקד" - פריער דעם -זרוע" ציועל די עבודה דמסינ און שפעטער דעם הקדקרי. און נאך מכל, עפודה דבחיי חיי מער: דער קדקד קומט דא נאר בדרך טפל - אף קרקד: איז אויך וואס ביי בני

וירידיהם וכל כנ"י — שליט"א — בכל מקום שהם....

דעם עצם יי. און פון דעם דערלאַנגט

(98) ויש לומר שותו גיכ משיכ גבי גד הוא ינוד עיבי: שעיי העבודה בבחי עלב – בחינה הבי אחרונה שבאום בת המעשה – באים לבחי הותוא וא עולעאר (ראה אוהית שם).

אמרו (זחיג רעים רנה, ב וראה גיכ שם רסב, כ): "שיין וחלה ראשין ושיין וארבך ראשין התפילין ביי, (וכתניר מסידור שם המפרין, שבחיי המזורין שבתפרין, בתחיבה הם ג'י ואחיכ נחלקים לו'. כייש) יישן תואה גם לקמו עלשב לקרש חיו על יני.

בקבורת ה: משיכ בהר: קסנות להראיש - הלכות הפלין (ססיו — כהגיוסא: שהוכאה מסקתי יויש שם) שמפני ליום מצות תפלין (שפניתין על הנרע והקוקור) ותיקונן יתקיים באנשי המלחמה וטרף ותיקונן יתקיים באנשי המלחמה וטרף

זרוע אף קדקודיי.

ומצוח חכות לפרסם הלכה זו בין כל אנשי המלחמה וקרוביהם

שינוי בהלשון — לא בתוכן המלין.
שילו שמות מולג, אשר עם בבני נד, מה מה מהיי בהם .ופרף ני"י הוא מעד מצות התפילן שהיותה ביום, וכספורש בכח" סיף מטות וויל: .כי היו בשוחים נגבורהם וכחם בחות מצוה שביות, וכמנין שדופו וויל וברף וויל בנונה תפילן שכורוע אף קודן ובינה תפלן של שדום.

השייכות של תפלין לבני גו - יש להכיר: גר הוא אותיות ג' ו' (ראה אוחית וידי שפב, ב ואילן ובהנסטן שס), ובתפלין

need not only for "they [the enemies] will fear you," a fear that comes in the zechus and directly as a result of the mitzvah of tefillin (Brachos 6a), but we also need the [fulfillment] of the famous halacha written by the Rosh (Halachos Ketanos, Hilchos Tefillin 15), which states:

Through fulfilling the mitzvah of tefillin and its perfection, the soldiers will experience "to prey upon the arm and also the head [of their enemies]."

It is a mitzvah and a *zechus* to publicize this *halacha* amongst all the soldiers, their relatives and friends, and

all of the Jewish people shlita, wherever they may be.

May it be Hashem's will that very speedily יַאָמֵר it will be said (Yud with a tzeirei, Aleph with a kumatz) that this situation was yesterday [i.e. in the past], for peace will reign around the world, especially in the Holy Land, about which it is said, "I will bring peace in the Land;"

And each and every one of the Jewish people will increase in Torah and its mitzvos (since the entire Torah is compared to tefillin), with peace, tranquility, and security.

Please notify us of your activities in this regard. Thanks in advance.

Tzeirei Agudas Chabad 🕡

^{1.} See full explanation in Sichos Kodesh 5729 vol. 2, p. 322.